An Overview of Biomass Power in Michigan

House Energy Policy Committee

April 20, 2021



Home-grown, Michigan-made renewable energy

1

An Overview of Biomass Power in Michigan

- 1. Background
- 2. Fuel Resources
- 3. Renewable Portfolio Standards
- 4. Diverse Energy Resource



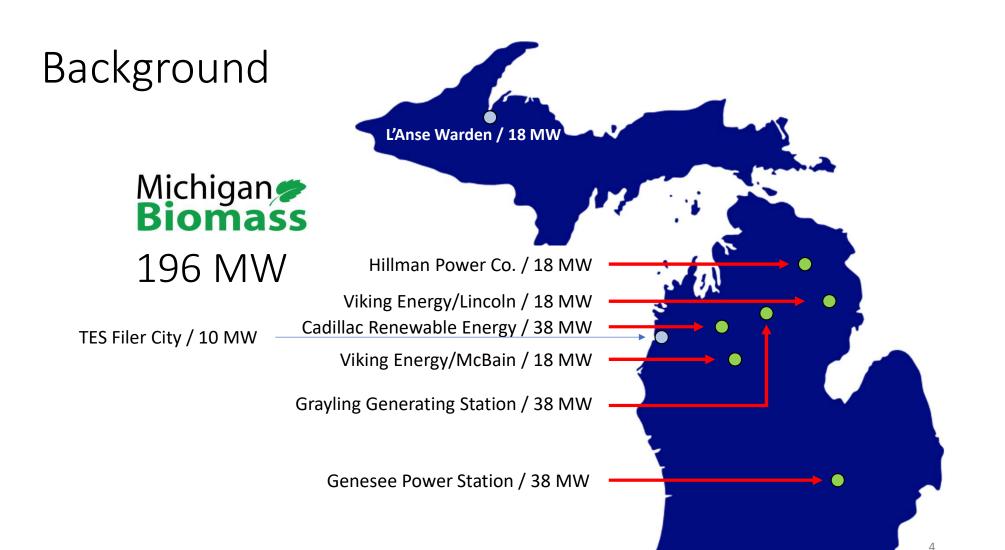
Home-grown, Michigan-made renewable energy

Background

"It's not the energy we make, but how we make it that matters"

- Renewable
- Beneficial reuse
- Enabling policy (PURPA, 1978)
- Baseload, renewable power generation
- Grid support, reliability
- Ancillary benefits
- \$200 M rural economics



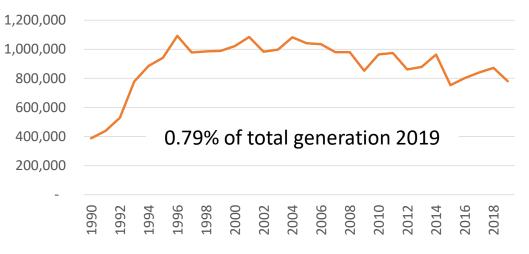


Background: production

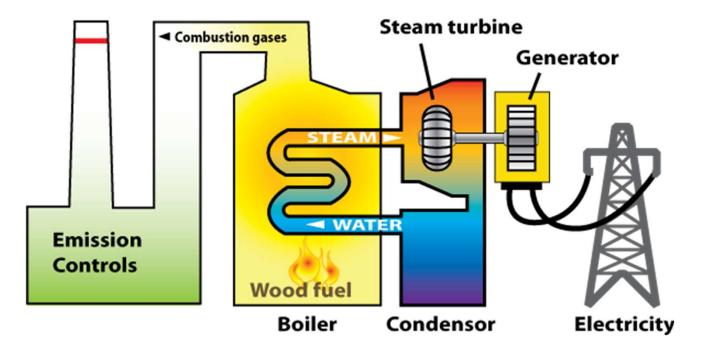
2019 Biomass Power Production

State	Total MWh	Nat'l. Rank
СА	1,667,021	1
NH	866,702	2
MI	781,240	3
GA	625,222	4
ME	601,170	5

Historical Biomass Power Production



Background: production



Background: regulation

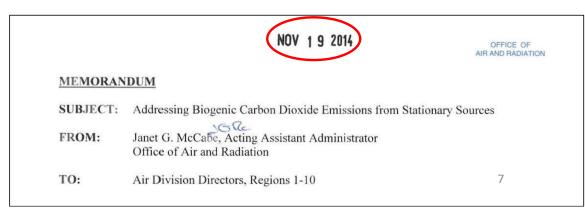
Michigan

PA 141 of 1994 (NREPA)

- Fuels
 - Part 115 (scrap wood)
 - Part 169 (tire derived fuel)
- Water Part 31
- Air Part 55
- Michigan RPS

Federal

- Clean Air Act
- Clean Water Act
- Non-Hazardous Secondary Materials
- Renewable Fuel Standards
- Carbon neutral



Background: regulation

Michigan

PA 141 of 1994 (NREPA)

- Fuels
 - Part 115 (scrap wood)
 - Part 169 (tire derived fuel)
- Water Part 31
- Air Part 55
- Michigan RPS

Federal

- Clean Air Act
- Clean Water Act
- Non-Hazardous Secondary Materials
- Renewable Fuel Standards
- Carbon neutral

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY 6/19/2019 40 CFR Part 60 [EPA-HQ-OAR-2017-0355: FRL-XXXX-XX-XXX] RIN 2060-AT67 Repeal of the Clean Power Plan; Emission Guidelines for Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Existing Electric Utility Generating Units; Revisions to Emission Guidelines Implementing Regulations AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). 7 ACTION: Final Rules.

Background: regulation



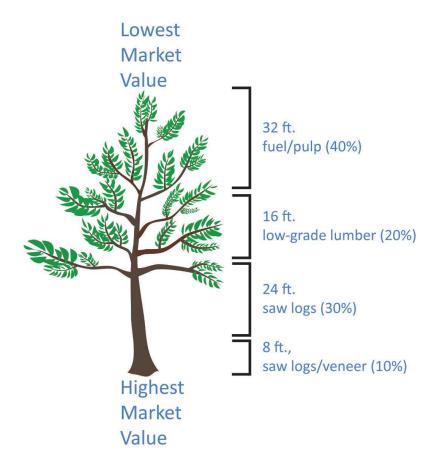
- PSCR-R Utility power supply cost recovery (annually)
- U-17973 PURPA workgroup
- U-17981 PURPA complaint
- U-18090 Avoided costs (Consumers Energy Co.)
- U-18131 Renewable Energy Plan (REP)
- U-20165 Integrated Resource Plan (IRP)
- U-20344 Interconnections rules, LEO workgroups
- U-20464 Statewide Energy Assessment (Polar vortex response)
- U-20757 MI Power Grid workgroups

We do not cut trees specifically for biomass power!



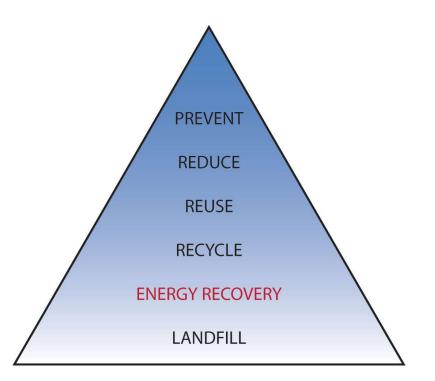
Wood fiber value chain

- 50% forest based
 - Integral to sustainable forest management
 - Habitat maintenance & development
 - Thinning
 - Timber harvest
 - Forest stewardship
 - Fuel load reduction
 - Salvage
 - Disease, infestation, sanitation



Wood fiber value chain

- 50% secondary materials
 - Mills, manufacturing
 - Landfill diversions
 - Alternative fuels



- Sustainable
- Optimizes resource value
 - 2.5 M tons/yr.
 - "Cradle to grave" resource utilization



2.5 M tons = 65,000 truckloads (600+ miles)

Fuel resources: urban

- Land clearing, development
- Landscaping debris
- Storm cleanup
- ROW maintenance
- Landfill diversions
- Clean, industrial wood



Fuel resources: alternatives

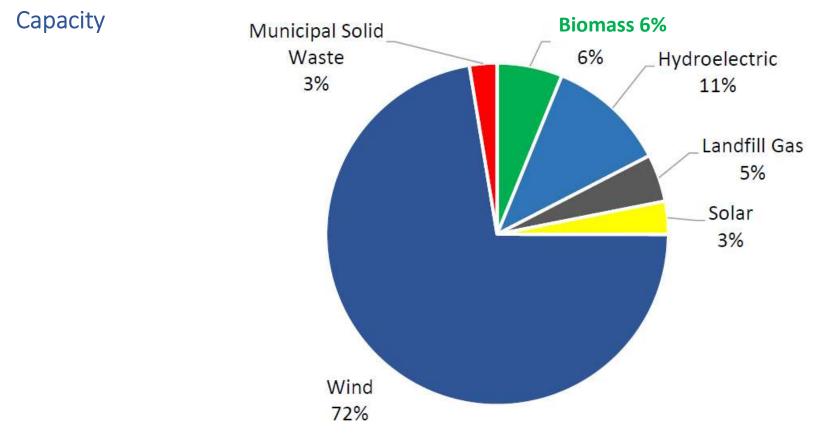
Tire derived fuel (TDF)

- Co-fire @<10% w/wood
 - Reduces emissions
 - Efficiencies
 - Economics
- Michigan Scrap Tire Management Program/MDEQ
 - 10 million tires per year
 - 3 million = biomass/TDF
- EGLE Scrap Tire Management Program
 - Funded via Part 169 / Vehicle title transfers
 - Enforcement
 - Clean up & market development grants

Fuel resources: alternatives

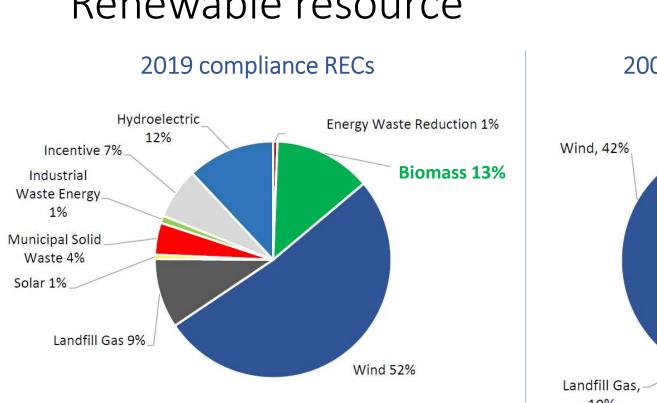
Railroad ties

- 200,000 annually
 - Co-fired w/ "green" wood
 - Reduces emissions
 - Efficiencies
 - Economics
 - Preserves landfill space
 - U.S. EPA "legitimate fuel"
 - Beneficial reuse (Michigan statute)



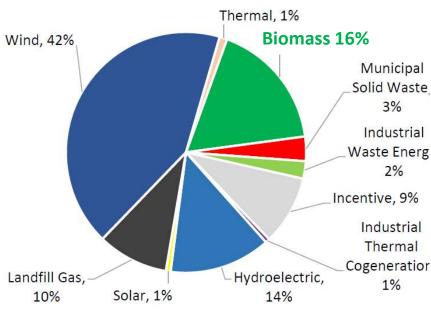
Renewable resource

Source: Report on the Implementation and Cost Effectiveness of the P.A. 295 Renewable Energy Standard, MPSC February 2021



Renewable resource

2009-2020 REC inventory



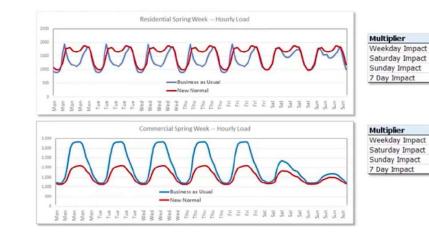
Source: Report on the Implementation and Cost Effectiveness of the P.A. 295 Renewable Energy Standard, MPSC February 2021

Energy diversity

Baseload renewable capacity

- Voltage stabilization
- VARs
- Line loss mitigation
- Fuel diversity
- Dispatchability
- General system support
- Uncertainty & risk
- No "integration cost"

COVID-19 Impacts on Load Shapes



Value

1.15

1.05

1.09

1.13

Value

0.72

0.84

0.91

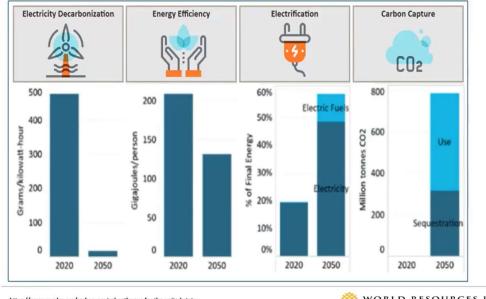
0.75

Energy diversity

Net-zero unachievable w/o baseload

- 100% intermittent = high cost, reduced reliability
- Random weather events
- Fills generation "gaps"
- No "integration costs"
 - Capacity overbuild
 - Distributed Energy
 - Dispatchable back up
 - Storage
 - Demand response
 - Transmission upgrades
 - Random weather events
 - Uncertainty & risk

FOUR strategies to transform the U.S. energy system to zero-carbon



https://www.unsdsn.org/carbon-neutral-pathways-for-the-united-states

🌼 WORLD RESOURCES I

Biomass diversity

Environmental values

- Forest stewardship
 - Sustainable forestry
 - Salvage & sanitation
 - Reduced fuel load/fire risk
- Materials management
 - Fiber market byproducts
 - Landfill diversions
 - Crates, pallets
 - Scrap tires
- Offset fossil emissions
- Carbon management

Economic values

Energy

- Cost avoidance
 - Infrastructure
 - No integration costs
 - Offsets "behavioral risks"
- Reduced financial risk

Resources

- Lowers cost of...
 - Forest products
 - Manufactured goods
 - Forest management
 - Habitat development & maint.

Biomass diversity

Social values

- 150 direct, 700 indirect jobs
- \$200 M rural economies
 - \$34 M labor
- Taxes & utility revenues
- Quality of life

Fuel values

- Locally sourced
- Local transport
- Non-commodity fuel
- Geopolitically secure
- Price, supply hedge

It's not the energy we make, but <u>how</u> we make energy that matters

- 1. Energy diversity
- 2. Keeps energy dollars in rural Michigan
- 3. Baseload renewable
- 4. Supports the grid and makes it more reliable and resilient
- 5. Beneficial reuse of byproducts
- 6. Carbon neutral energy
- 7. Aids forest health, stewardship
- 8. Materials management services



